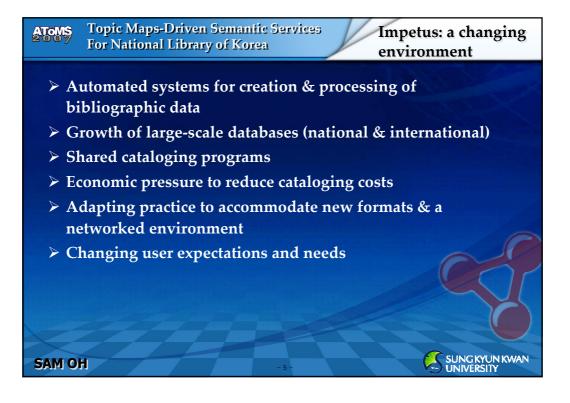


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# Value of FRBR

- > FRBR study process and report:
  - Fresh look at what functions bibliographic records perform
  - FRBR systematically models the bibliographic universe
- > Helps us answer important questions:
  - What information is of the most value to users of the catalog?
  - How can that most valuable information be used more effectively?
- > Promises to inspire next generation catalogs and DL systems.
  - Illuminates user tasks
  - Clarifies how catalogs and DLs should function



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# ATOMS

**Topic Maps-Driven Semantic Services** For National Library of Korea

FRBR Study

# Primary objectives of the FRBR study:

- Provide a clearly defined, structured framework for relating bibliographic data to user needs
- Recommend a basic level of functionality for records created by national bibliographic agencies

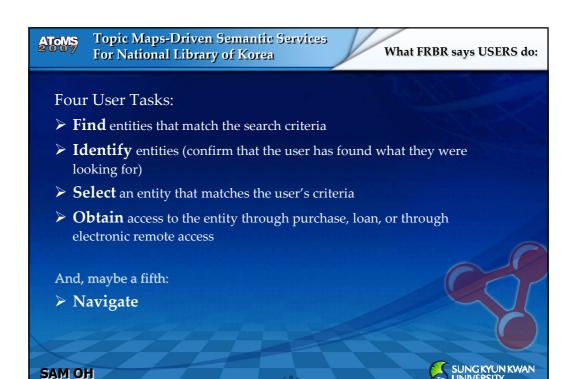
## Modeling the bibliographic universe:

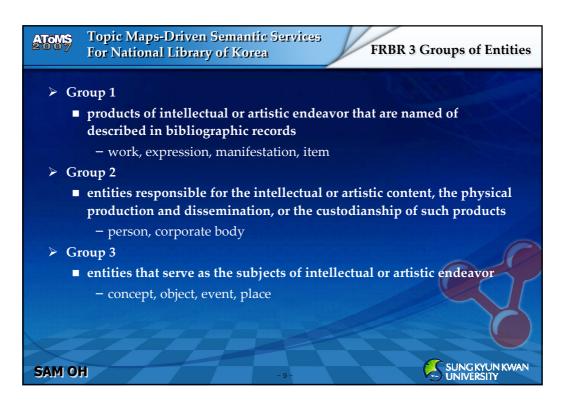
- Utilizes an entity-relationship framework:
  - Entities (a class of things)
  - Relationships (associations among entities)
  - Attributes (characteristics of the entities)



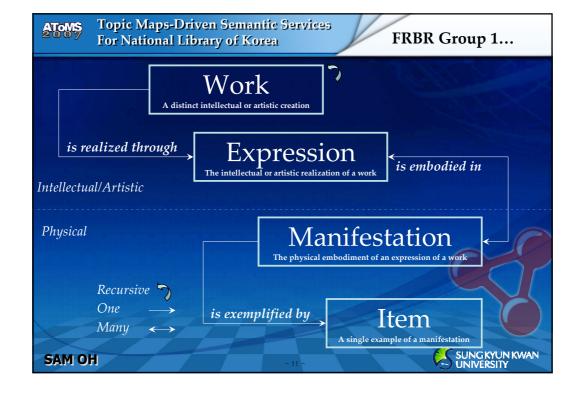
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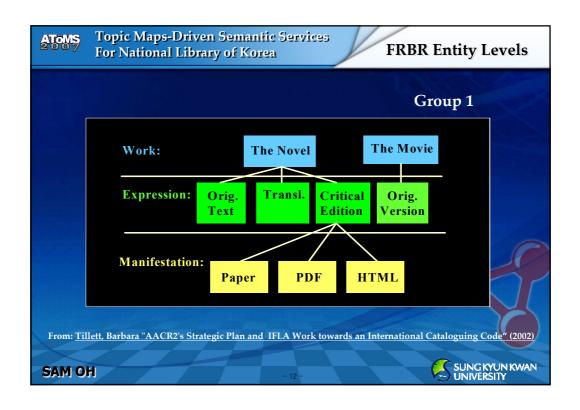


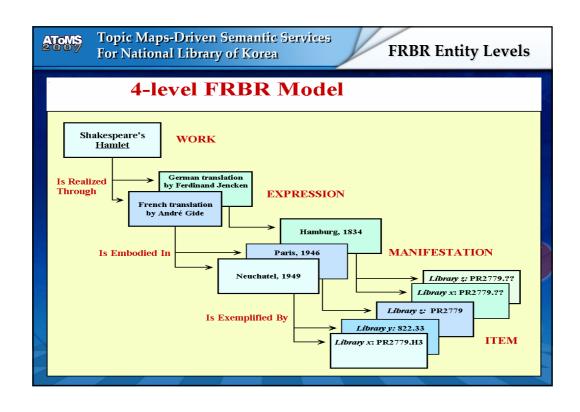


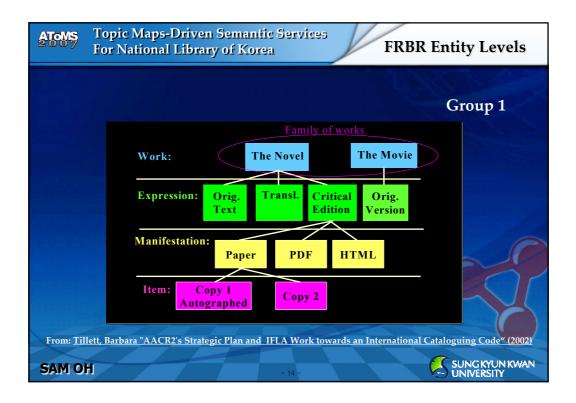


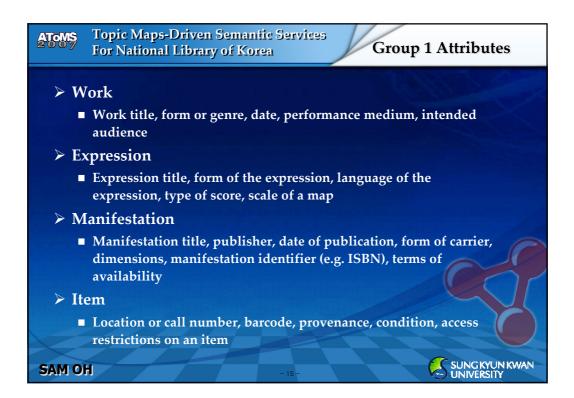












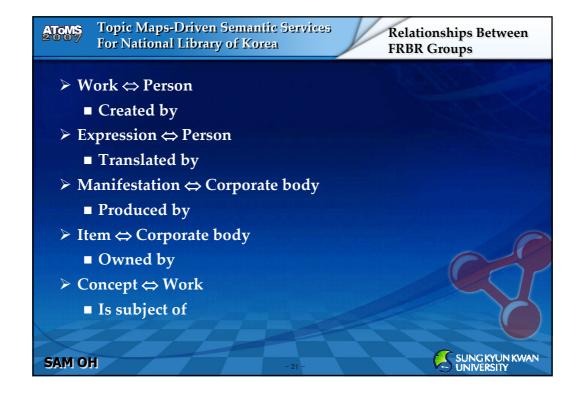




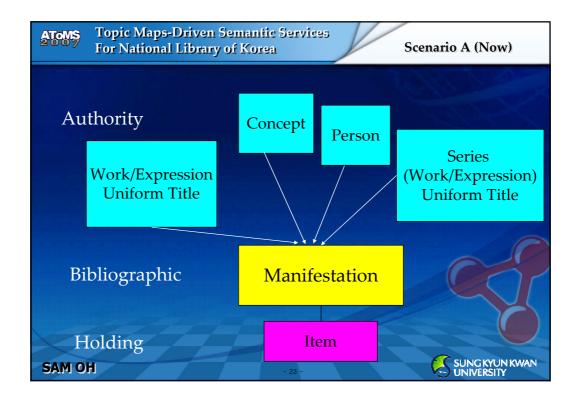


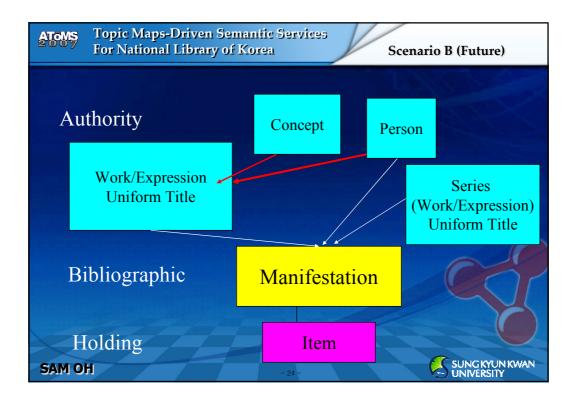


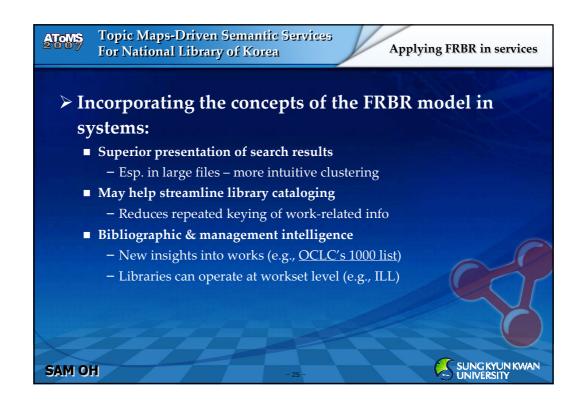


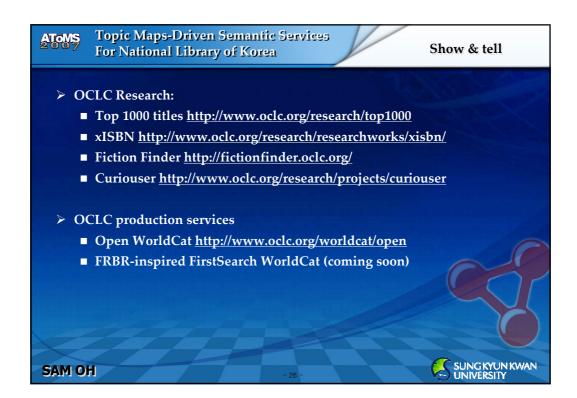


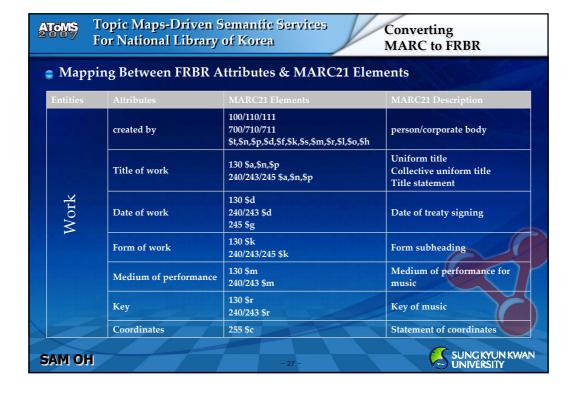




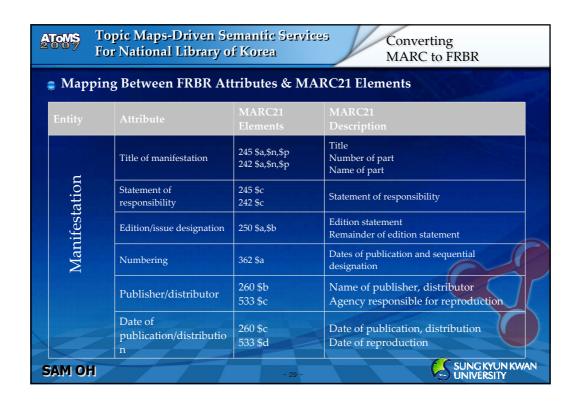




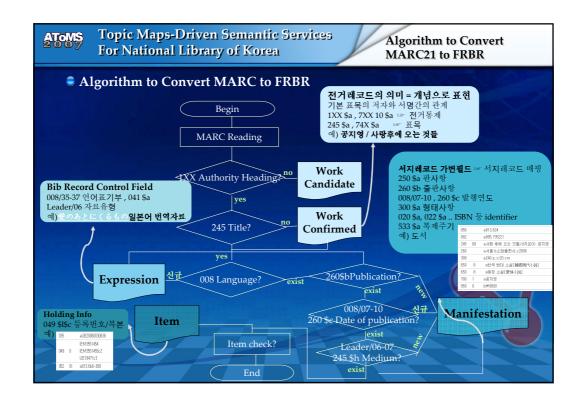




Mapping Between FRBR Attributes & MARC21 Elements					
ntities	Attributes	MARC21 Elements	MARC21 Description		
Expression	Form of expression	leader/06	Type of record		
	Language of expression	130 \$l 240/243 \$l 008/35-37	Language of a work language		
	Other distinguishing characteristic	130 \$0 240/243 \$0 245 \$s	Arranged statement for music Revision		
	Type of score	254 \$a Music 008/20	Musical presentation statement Format of music		
	Scale	255 \$a 034 \$b,\$c,\$h	Statement of scale		



	· D · EDDD A	f Korea	MARC to FRBR			
Mapping Between FRBR Attributes & MARC21 Elements						
ntity	Attribute	MARC21 Elements	MARC21 Description			
Manifestation	Form of carrier, extent of carrier	300 \$a 533 \$e	Extent Physical description of reproduction			
	Dimensions of carrier	300 \$c 533 \$e	Dimensions Physical description of reproduction			
	Physical medium, capture mode, playing speed, groove width, kind of cutting, tape configuration, kind of sound, special reproduction characteristics, color, polarity, presentation format, file characteristics	300 \$b	Other physical details			
	Reduction ratio	340 \$f 533 \$e(?)	Production rate/ratio Physical description of reproduction			
	Manifestation identifier	BK:020,027,074 SE:022,030,074 Other:024,028,074	ISBN,STRN:BK, ISSN, Coden:SE Other standard identifier, publisher number:other, Form of musical composition code:074t			





#### Topic Maps-Driven Semantic Services For National Library of Korea

Algorithm to Convert MARC21 to FRBR

#### An Algorithm to Convert MARC21 to FRBR

- 1. Read MARC record one by one.
- 2. Read 1XXtag about author and apply normalization rules. ( 100/110/111 tag \$abcdq extract text )
- 3. If the author already exists in the DB, extract the title. If not, that becomes a new candidate for a new work.
- 4. In the 245tag \$a, extract the title and compare it to see whether it matches one of works in the DB.
  - 1) Apply normalization rules to extracted title.
  - 2) If the title in 245tag does not match, extract the text from 740tag \$a or 507tag \$t and compare it with the existing works.
  - When you find a title that matches a work, extract the text in 245tag \$a as an expression of the work and move to the expression routine.
  - 4) Fix the author and title as work, then move to expression module.

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# ATOMS

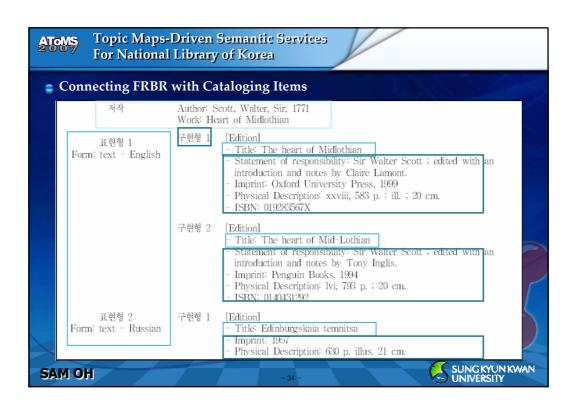
Topic Maps-Driven Semantic Services For National Library of Korea

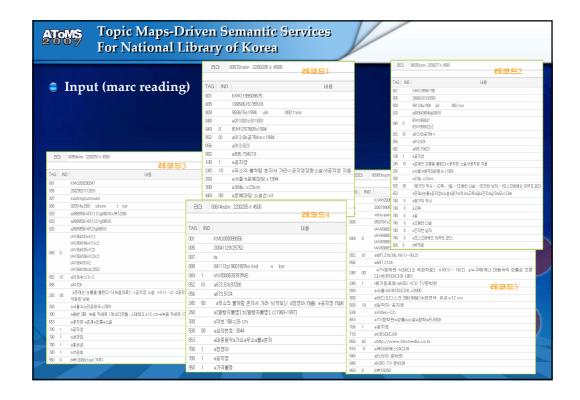
Algorithm to Convert MARC21 to FRBR

- An Algorithm to Convert MARC21 to FRBR...
- 6. Check the language, 008tag / 35-37, if that is a new one, register it as a new expression.
  - If 041tag exists, separate the text from \$a and \$bch, the \$bch becomes an expression.
- 7. Describe expression concept as author, title, language, and type.
- 8. After you went through work and expression steps, check manifestation items.
  - After you extract a publisher info from 260tag \$b, apply normalization rules, then check whether it matches existing ones.
  - Extract publication date from 008tag / 07-10 and check it matches with others.
  - Treat the value of leader/06-07 as upper classification category, if 245tag \$h exists, separate resource type from it and check whether it matches with others.
- 9. Registration of a manifestation will be done per record and manifestation. If that is an item of manifestation, it should be excluded.
- 10. Extract holding information from items and register it.

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#### Topic Maps-Driven Semantic Services For National Library of Korea

# Advantages of Topic Maps in Providing Semantic Services

- > Provides excellent collocation capability Katz's second purpose of cataloging
- > TM implementation is relatively easy compared with RDF/OWL so one can expect a better return on investment.
- Excellent candidate in modeling FRBR-based data and provides great interoperability with other semantic data.
- > You can easily change your ontology schema without modifying applications, which offers excellent advantage in terms of management cost.
- > Provides flexible ways to model ontology.
- Provides flexible ways to convert any structure data, which makes it easy to utilize legacy data.
- > Integrating TM with Web2.0 technology is easy and natural.

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#### ATOMS 2007

#### Topic Maps-Driven Semantic Services For National Library of Korea

#### Refining MARC-Ontology Using Topic Maps

- 1. Topic Types
  - > Among FRBR entities from group 1,2,3 and MARC metadata elements, select the elements that can create "useful" collocation, assign them as topic types.
  - Map FRBR model entities into MARC metadata elements and establish them as topic types.
- 2. Association Types
  - > Establish association types between topic types.
  - Apply FRBR relationships as TM associations between topics and also establish associations between metadata elements.
- 3. Occurrence Types
  - Except for MARC metadata elements that were converted as topic types, the remaining MARC elements will be defined as TM occurrence types.
  - Classify occurrence types based on element values of FRBR model and assign them to appropriate topic types.
  - Since MARC records are usually based on manifestation, most MARC metadata elements and other occurrence types are assigned to manifestation.

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Topic Maps-Driven Semantic Services For National Library of Korea

# Defining Topic Types

# **Topic Types**

Expand all nodes

□개별자료
□대화 유입자 유입자 유입자 유입자 유입자 유입자 유입자 유입자 제 미반행행자 제 제 다 보생경류 제 이 인자료로소작자 제 형 미 다 자주자 지 형 미 다 자주자 지 형

Topic Types	FRBR Group & MARC Element
Work/Expression Manifestation/Item	FRBR Group 1, MARC Title
Person / Corporate Body	FRBR Group 2, MARC Personal name, Corporate Name
Object / Event / Place	FRBR Group 3
Country / Genre	MARC Subject (KORMARC 650tag)
Туре	MARC leader's type of record (Expression Criterion)
Format	MARC Medium (245 \$h, Manifestation Criterion)
Language	MARC Language statement (Expression Criterion)
Classification	MARC KDC classification number
Context	FRBR Model의 개체 속성정보
Publisher, Date	MARC publication
Audience	MARC Target audience / User tagging info
Subject	User subject tagging info

# ATOMS

Topic Maps-Driven Semantic Services For National Library of Korea

## **KORMARC Elements and TM Occurrence Types**

KORMARC Elements	Topic Maps Occurrence Types
Title and related fields (1XX/24X/4XX/7XX)	Other words associated with a name, Remainder of title, Parallel title, Original title, series statement, uniform title
Publication (26X)	Edition statement, Place of publication, Frequency, Regularity
Physical description (3XX)	Extent, Other physical details, Dimensions, Accompanying materials, size of unit
Note (5XX), Subject(653)	Contents note, Restrictions on access, Immediate source of acquisition, keyword
Non-book bibliographic Note(5XX)	System details note, Music format, Participant or performer note, Exhibitions note, Date/time and place of an event note, Creation/production credits note, scale note
Control field (0XX)	DDC, KDC, ISBN, Price, Korean National Library call number, identifier number, language note
Other service Note	URL, book review, status of book circulation, abstract, image of title





